AGENDA
(adopted on 10 April 1972)

1. Election of the Chairman.
2. Election of the Vice-Chairmen.
3. Adoption of the agenda.
4. Preparation of a draft convention on ocean dumping.
5. Adoption of the report.
INTERGOVERNMENTAL MEETING ON
OCEAN DUMPING
Reykjavik, 10-15 April 1972

TEXT OF DRAFT ARTICLES
OF A CONVENTION FOR
THE PREVENTION OF MARINE POLLUTION
BY DUMPING
(adopted at Reykjavik, Iceland,
on 14 April 1972)
THE STATES PARTIES TO THIS CONVENTION,

Recalling the general principles for assessment and control of marine pollution agreed upon by the United Nations Conference on the Human Environment,

Recognizing that the marine environment and all the living organisms which it supports are of vital importance to humanity, and all people have an interest in assuring that it is so managed that its quality and resources are not impaired,

Recognizing that the capacity of the sea to assimilate wastes and render them harmless, and its ability to regenerate natural resources, is not unlimited,

Recognizing that States have the responsibility to ensure that activities within their jurisdiction or control do not cause damage to the environment of other States or of areas beyond the limit of national jurisdiction,

Recalling that the General Assembly of the United Nations solemnly declared that the sea-bed and ocean floor beyond the limits of national jurisdiction and its resources are the common heritage of mankind,

Noting that marine pollution has many sources other than dumping at sea, including discharges through the atmosphere and rivers, estuaries, outfalls and pipelines within national jurisdiction; that it is important that States use the best practicable means to prevent such pollution and that products and processes which will minimize the amount of harmful waste requiring disposal should be developed,

Being convinced that international action to control the pollution of the sea by dumping can and should be taken without delay, but that this action should not preclude discussion of measures to control other sources of marine pollution as soon as possible,

Wishing to improve protection of the marine environment by encouraging States interested in common areas of sea to enter into appropriate agreements supplementary to this Convention:

Have agreed as follows:
Article I

Each Party pledges itself to use its best endeavours to prevent the pollution of the sea by matter that is liable to cause harm to the marine environment and its living resources, hazards to human health, hindrance to marine activities including fishing, impairment of quality for use of sea water, or reduction of amenities.

Article II

The Parties shall take effective measures individually, according to their capability, and collectively to prevent marine pollution caused by the dumping of harmful matter and shall harmonize their policies in this regard.

Article III

For the purposes of this Convention,
1. "Dumping" means any deliberate disposal at sea of matter from vessels or aircraft, including matter transported to fixed or floating platforms at sea for deliberate disposal. The deliberate disposal of vessels, aircraft or platforms will also constitute dumping. The disposal of matter incident to or derived from the operations of vessels or aircraft and their equipment, other than the cargo of vessels or aircraft operating for the purpose of disposal of matter or the products derived from the treatment of such cargo on board, shall not constitute dumping.
2. "Vessels" and "aircraft" means waterborne and airborne craft of any type whatsoever. This expression includes air-cushioned craft and floating craft, whether self-propelled or not, but excludes fixed or floating platforms.
3. "Sea" means the high seas, territorial seas and bays.
4. "Matter" means material and substance of any kind, form or description.
5. "Special permit" means permission granted specifically on application for the dumping at sea of matter listed in Annex II.
Article IV

Each Party shall prohibit the dumping of any matter in the sea except as this Convention may allow.

(a) The dumping of matter listed in Annex I is prohibited.

(b) If a Party shall determine that the dumping of matter other than that included in Annex I, has a deleterious effect on the marine environment equivalent to or greater than that of matter listed in Annex I, then that Party shall prohibit the dumping of that matter and notify the other Parties accordingly.

(c) The dumping of all other matter is prohibited except in accordance with Article VI.

Article V

The provisions of Article IV shall not apply where the safety of human life is threatened.

Article VI

(a) Each Party shall designate an appropriate national authority or authorities to:

(i) issue special permits which shall be required for the dumping of the matter listed in Annex II;

(ii) issue permits or approvals which shall be required for the dumping of all other matter;

(iii) keep records of the nature and quantities of all matter permitted to be dumped and the location, time and method of dumping;

(iv) monitor individually or in collaboration with other Parties and competent international organs the conditions of the seas within which they permit dumping.
(b) In issuing permits or approvals for such dumping, the national authority or authorities shall observe the provisions of Annex III together with such additional criteria, measures and requirements as they may consider relevant.

(c) Each Party shall report in an appropriate manner to other Parties the criteria, measures and requirements it adopts in order to fulfil its obligations under this Convention.

Article VII

(a) In order to further the objectives of this Convention, the Parties with common interests to protect in the marine environment in a given geographical area should endeavour to enter into agreements on a regional level.

(b) More stringent criteria or prohibitions required under a regional agreement shall be respected by all Parties to the present Convention if dumping within that region.

(c) Parties to such regional agreements shall apply its provisions so as to prevent the diversion of dumping into seas outside the area to which it applies.

Article VIII

Each Party directly or through a secretariat established under a regional agreement shall provide to the organization referred to in Article XII(b) and to the other Parties information specified in sub-paragraphs (iii) and (iv) of Article VI(a). The frequency and format of such reports shall be agreed by the Parties in consultation.

Article IX

(a) Each Party shall apply the measures required to implement the present Convention to all:

(i) vessels and aircraft registered in its territory;
(ii) vessels and aircraft loading in its territory matter which is to be dumped;
(iii) vessels and aircraft and fixed or floating platforms under its jurisdiction believed to be engaged in dumping.

(b) Each Party shall take in its territory appropriate measures to prevent and punish conduct in contravention of the provisions of this Convention.
(c) The Parties agree to co-operate in the development of procedures for the effective application of the Convention particularly on the high seas.

(d) Nothing in this Convention shall abridge the sovereign immunity to which certain vessels are entitled under international law.

or

[Each Party undertakes to adopt appropriate measures ensuring that requirements equivalent to those of this Convention are, so far as possible, applied to warships and military aircraft, and vessels and aircraft in government non-commercial service owned or operated by a Party and entitled to sovereign immunity under international law.]

(e) Nothing in this Convention shall affect the right of each Party to adopt other measures, in accordance with the principles of international law, to prevent dumping at sea.

Article X

The Parties recognize that in accordance with the principles of international law States bear responsibility for damage to the environment of other States or to areas beyond the limits of national jurisdiction caused by dumping and undertake to develop procedures for the assessment of liability and for the settlement of disputes.

Article XI

The Parties pledge themselves to promote, within the competent specialized agencies and other international bodies, measures concerning the protection of the marine environment against pollution caused by oil and oily wastes, other noxious or hazardous cargoes, radioactive materials and agents of biological and chemical warfare.
Article XII

(a) The Parties will meet on the call of the depositary not later than three months after the entry into force of this Convention to decide on organizational matters.

(b) The Parties shall designate an organization to be responsible for secretariat duties in relation to this Convention. The duties of the organization shall include the convening of consultative meetings of the Parties, not less frequently than once every two years. Such consultative meetings may, inter alia

(i) review and amend the contents of the Annexes to this Convention;

(ii) consider any additional action that may be required;

(iii) receive and consider reports made pursuant to Article VIII.

(c) The Parties at their first consultative meeting shall agree on rules of procedure for such meetings.

Article XIII


Article XIV

(a) (i) A conference for the purpose of reviewing or amending this Convention may be convened by the depositary at the request of two-thirds of the Parties. Amendments approved at the conference by a two-thirds majority shall enter into force on the sixtieth day after the approval of two-thirds of the Parties has been communicated to the depositary. An amendment shall come into force with respect to all Parties except those which, before it comes into force, make a declaration that they do not accept the amendment.

(ii) The depositary shall inform all Parties of any request made under this Article as well as of any amendments which may come into force under this Article, together with the date on which each such amendment comes into force.
Any acceptance or declaration of objection under this Article shall be made by the deposit of an instrument with the depositary.

(b) The provisions of paragraph (a) will also be applicable to the amendment of the Annexes to this Convention, except that the formulation of such amendments will be undertaken by a consultative meeting as called for in Article XII(b) and will not require a special conference.

Article XV

This Convention shall be open for signature by ... as follows: until ... at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Sweden, and subsequently, until ..., at United Nations Headquarters, New York.

Article XVI

This Convention is subject to ratification. The instruments of ratification shall be deposited with ...

Article XVII

This Convention shall be open for accession by any States referred to in Article XV. The instruments of accession shall be deposited with ...

Article XVIII

1. This Convention shall come into force on the thirtieth day following the date of deposit of the ... instrument of ratification or accession.

2. For each State ratifying or acceding to the Convention after the deposit of the ... instrument of ratification or accession, the Convention shall enter into force on the thirtieth day after deposit by such State of its instruments of ratification or accession.

Article XIX

Any Party may withdraw from this Convention by giving six months' notice in writing to the depositary, who shall promptly inform all Parties of such notice.

Article XX

The depositary shall inform Contracting States and Parties:

(a) of signatures to this Convention and of the deposit of instruments of ratification, accession or withdrawal, in accordance with Articles XV, XVI, XVII and XIX.

(b) of the date on which this Convention will come into force, in accordance with Article XVIII.
(c) of the receipt of notifications of approval or declarations of objection relating to amendments to this Convention and to its Annexes and of the entry into force of such amendments in accordance with Article XIV.

Article XXI

The original of this Convention of which the Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish texts are equally authentic, shall be deposited with ... who shall send certified copies thereof to all States referred to in Article XV.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the undersigned Plenipotentiaries, being duly authorized thereto by their respective Governments have signed the present Convention.

Done at ... this ... day of ... 1972
ANNEX I

1. Organohalogen compounds and compounds which may form such matters in the marine environment, including but not limited to Aldrin, Lindane, Chlorine, DDT, Bieldrin, Endrin, Heptachlor, Hexachlorobenzene, Polyhalogenated Biphenyls, and Toxaphene.

2. Mercury and mercury compounds.

3. Cadmium and cadmium compounds.

4. Persistent plastics and other persistent synthetic materials, which may float or may remain in suspension in the sea in such a manner as to interfere materially with fishing, navigation or other legitimate uses of the sea, for example netting and ropes.

5. Crude, fuel, heavy diesel, hydraulic fluids and lubricating oils, and mixtures containing these oils, taken on board for the purpose of dumping.

[6. High-level radioactive wastes.]

[7. Agents of biological and chemical warfare.]

8. This Annex does not apply to wastes or other material, such as sewage sludge and dredge spoil, containing small or trace quantities of the matters referred to in paragraphs 1-5 above. Such wastes shall be subject to the provisions of Annexes II or III as appropriate.

9. Paragraph I of this Annex does not apply to substances which are rapidly metabolized into a harmless substance or eliminated and which do not render the flesh of edible marine organisms unpalatable or lead to a danger to human health or that of domestic animals.

Footnotes

(a) For a period of 5 years from the date when the present Convention comes into effect, wastes containing small quantities of matters named in paragraphs 2 and 3, if containerized or encased in concrete according to procedures agreed upon by the Organization, may be dumped in depths of not less than 4,000 metres in conditions which would cause no harm to the marine environment and its living resources. These acts should be subject to the provisions of Articles VI (a)(i) and (iii).
ANNEX II

The following substances and materials requiring special care are listed for the purposes of Article VI(a)(i):

A. Wastes containing significant amounts of the matters listed below,
   - arsenic )
   - lead )
   - copper )
   - zinc )
   and their compounds

   - organosilicon compounds
   - cyanides
   - fluorides
   - pesticides and their by-products not covered in Annex I.

B. In the issuance of approvals or permits for the dumping of large quantities of acids and alkalies, consideration shall be given to the possible presence in such wastes of the substances listed in paragraph A and to the following additional substances:

   - beryllium )
   - chromium )
   - nickel )
   - vanadium )
   and their compounds

C. Containers, scrap metal and other bulky wastes liable to sink to the sea bottom which may present a serious obstacle to fishing or navigation.
ANNEX III

Provisions to be considered in establishing criteria governing the issue of permits for the dumping of matter at sea shall include:

A. Characteristics of the matter

(1) Amount and composition;

(2) Amount of substances and materials to be deposited per day (per week, per month);

(3) Form in which it is presented for dumping, i.e. whether as a solid, sludge or liquid;

(4) Physical (especially solubility and density), chemical and biochemical (oxygen demand, nutrients) and biological (presence of viruses, bacteria, yeasts, parasites, etc.) properties;

(5) Toxicity;

(6) Persistence;

(7) Accumulation in biological materials or sediments;

(8) Susceptibility to physical changes, chemical changes and interaction in the aquatic environment with other dissolved organic and inorganic materials;

(9) Probability of production of taints or other changes reducing marketability of resources (fish, shellfish, etc.).

B. Characteristics of dumping site and method of deposit

(1) Location, including geographical position, depth and proximity to coast lines, amenity areas, spawning, nursery and fishing areas and exploitable resources;

(2) Methods of packing and containment, if any;

(3) Initial dilution achieved by proposed method of release;

(4) Dispersal, horizontal transport, vertical mixing characteristics and effects of tides and wind;

(5) Water characteristics (e.g. temperature, salinity, stratification, dissolved oxygen content, suspended matter, nutrients, productivity, etc.);

(6) Type, topography, geological character and biological productivity of bottom;
(7) Existence and effects of current and previous discharges and dumping in the area (e.g. heavy metal background reading, organic carbon content, etc.).

C. General considerations and conditions

(1) Effects on amenities (e.g. presence of floating or stranded material, turbidity, objectionable odour, discoloration, foaming);

(2) Effects on other uses of the sea (e.g. impairment of water quality for industrial use, underwater corrosion of structures, interference with ship operations from floating materials, interference with fishing or navigation through deposit of waste or solid objects on the sea floor, fish and shellfish culture, seaweed harvesting and culture, protection of areas of special importance for scientific or conservation purposes);

(3) The practical availability of alternative means of disposal or elimination.
INTERGOVERNMENTAL MEETING ON
OCEAN DUMPING
Reykjavik, 10-15 April 1972

RESOLUTION
(adopted on 15 April 1972)

The Intergovernmental Meeting on Ocean Dumping
Resolves to forward to the United Nations Conference on the
Human Environment for further consideration and appropriate action
the draft articles of a Convention for the Prevention of Marine
Pollution by Dumping and the report of the Meeting appended to this
resolution.
INTERGOVERNMENTAL MEETING ON
OCEAN DUMPING
Reykjavik, 10-15 April 1972

REPORT OF THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL MEETING ON OCEAN DUMPING

adopted at Reykjavik, Iceland,
on 15 April 1972

1. Report of the Meeting (Paragraphs 1 - 9)
2. Annex A
   List of participants (IMOD/INF/2/Rev.2)
3. Annex B
   Agenda of the Meeting (IMOD/1)
4. Annex C
   List of documents (IMOD/INF/4/Rev.1)
5. Annex D
   Text of draft articles
   of a Convention for
   the Prevention of Marine
   Pollution by Dumping (IMOD/2)
6. Annex E
   Resolution (IMOD/3)
1. The Intergovernmental Working Group on Marine Pollution considered the subject of ocean dumping at each of its two sessions held during 1971. At its second session, held in Ottawa, 8-12 November 1971, the Intergovernmental Working Group, having noted without commitment the draft text of certain articles of an ocean dumping convention, agreed that Governments should consult further on this subject in the hope that agreement on concrete global action might be reached before the United Nations Conference on the Human Environment. 1/

2. After a subsequent exchange of views among interested Governments, it was concluded that such consultation could best be achieved by convening an intergovernmental meeting at the earliest possible opportunity. At the invitation of the Government of Iceland, the Intergovernmental Meeting on Ocean Dumping was held at Reykjavik from 10 to 15 April 1972.

3. The Meeting was attended by representatives from 29 States, and by observers from the United Nations, the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), the Intergovernmental Maritime Consultative Organization (IMCO) and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA). A list of participants is contained in annex A to this report.

4. Mr. Hjálmar R. Bárðarson, State Director of Shipping of the Government of Iceland, was elected Chairman. Mr. Donald W. Kaniaru (Kenya), Mr. Abolfazl Farid (Iran) and Dr. Julian Guitrón Fuentevilla (Mexico) were elected Vice-Chairmen.

5. Mr. Einar Ágústsson, the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iceland, welcomed the delegations on behalf of his Government. He stressed the great interest of his country in preserving the marine environment, and hoped that significant progress in this respect would be achieved at the Stockholm Conference.

6. The agenda as adopted is in annex B and a list of documents submitted to the Meeting in annex C to this report.

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7. The Meeting was convened with a view to the preparation of the draft text of a convention to prevent pollution of the sea by dumping for submission to the Stockholm Conference. As working documents the Meeting had before it the draft of a convention submitted by the United States, together with the draft articles produced by the Intergovernmental Working Group on Marine Pollution at its Ottawa meeting, the text of the Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping from Ships and Aircraft (Oslo Convention 1972) and draft articles submitted by Canada. The Meeting established a working group on the annexes to the proposed convention, which met under the chairmanship of Dr. H. A. Cole (United Kingdom), and a drafting group, of which the chairman was Mr. T. C. Bacon (Canada).

8. After considering the various texts before it and the papers prepared by the working group and the drafting group, the Meeting produced the text of draft articles of a Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping, attached to this report as annex D. A number of delegations expressed reservations and a wish to make reference to their Governments with respect either to the draft articles as a whole or as regards particular articles.

9. In a resolution (contained in annex E) adopted by the Meeting, it was resolved to forward the draft articles and this report to the United Nations Conference on the Human Environment for further consideration and appropriate action. The Government of Iceland was requested to transmit the resolution, the draft articles and the report on behalf of the Meeting, to the Secretary-General of the Conference. The Secretary-General was asked to submit the resolution, including the draft articles, and the report, to the Conference and to circulate them to Governments without delay.
ANNEX A

List of Participants
(Document IMOD/INF/2/Rev.2)
LIST OF PARTICIPANTS
LISTE DES PARTICIPANTS
LISTA DE LOS PARTICIPANTES

ALGERIA
Mrs. A. Hania SEMICHI
Ministry of Foreign Affairs

ARGENTINA
Dr. Abel Parentini POSSE
Secretary of Embassy,
Ministry of Foreign Affairs

AUSTRALIA
Mr. P. ECCLES
Nautical Adviser, Coastal Services Division,
Department of Shipping and Transport

BELGIUM
Mr. HOVART
Director of the Fisheries Research Station,
Ministry of Agriculture
Mr. Van CRAEYNEST
Director of Administration
Ministry of Communication

CANADA
Ambassador George Kinnear GRANDE
Mr. T.C. BACON
Department of External Affairs
Dr. N. CAMPBELL
Chief Oceanographer
Department of Environment
Mr. R.W. PARSONS
Department of Environment
Ministry of Transport
Mr. A. DEMESTRAL
Advisory and International Law Section
Department of Justice
Dr. G. ALEXANDROWICZ
Department of Environment
Mr. K. YUEN

DENMARK
Ambassador Dr.phil et scient
h.c. Gunnar SEIDENFADEN
Vagn Ditlev LARSEN
Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Vagn OLSEN
Ministry of Environment
Fiskeribiollog K. HOYDAL
Administration of the Faroe Islands
FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY

Ambassador Karl ROWOLD
Dr. F.W. MARIENFELD
Ministerialrat, Ministry of Transport

FINLAND

Mr. Runo SAVISAARI
Head of Division, National Board of Waters

Mr. Unto TURUNEN
Secretary of Division, Ministry of Foreign Affairs

FRANCE

Ambassador Philippe BENOIST
Mr. Olivier LE FAUCHEUX
Chef de département, Centre National pour l'Exploitation des Océans

Mr. Marcel SURBIGUET
Direction des Affaires Juridiques, Ministère des Affaires Étrangères

GHANA

Mr. K.O. KUMI
First Secretary, Permanent Mission of Ghana to the United Nations, New York

ICELAND

Mr. Hjalmar R. BARDARSON (Chairman)
State Director of Shipping

Dr. Gunnar G. SCHRAM
Deputy Permanent Representative to the United Nations

Mr. Geir ARNESEN
Marine Research Institute

Mr. Ingvar HALLGRIMSSON
Acting Director-General Marine Research Institute

Mr. Jon OLAFSSON
Deputy Secretary-General Ministry of Health and Insurance

Mr. Jon THORDARSON
Marine Research Institute

Mr. Kristinn GUNNARSSON
Head of Division Ministry of Communications

Mr. Mar ELISSON
Director of Fisheries

Mr. Svend Aage MALMBERG
Marine Research Institute

Mr. Thordur ASGEIRSSON
Deputy Secretary-General Ministry of Fisheries

Mr. Thorsteinn INGOLFSSON
Ministry of Foreign Affairs
INDIA

Mr. A.S. MANI
First Secretary
Permanent Mission of India to
the United Nations, New York

IRAN

Mr. ABOLFAZL FARID (Vice-Chairman)
Mr. Davoud H. BAVAND
Permanent Mission of Iran to
the United Nations, New York

IRELAND

Mr. S. O’SULLIVAN
Assistant Secretary,
Department of Transport and Power

IVORY COAST

Mr. Amadou TRAORE
Counsellor,
Permanent Mission of Ivory Coast to
the United Nations, New York

Mr. Jean BERNIGAUD
Director, Merchant Marine

JAPAN

Mr. Koichi TSUTSUMI
Head of Scientific Affairs Division,
United Nations Bureau
Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Mr. Noburu SUZUKI
Head of Public Safety and Environmental
Pollution Control Division,
Ministry of Transport

Mr. Akira NIWA
Research Officer,
Ministry of Transport

KENYA

Mr. Donald W. KANIARU (Vice-Chairman)
Permanent Mission of Kenya to
the United Nations, New York

MALTA

Mr. Carmel V. VELLA
Permanent Mission of Malta to
the United Nations, New York

MEXICO

Mr. Julian GÜITRON FUENTEVILLA (Vice-Chairman)
Legal Adviser to the Under-Secretary of
the Ministry of Health and Assistance

Mr. Jose Luis VALLARTA
First Secretary, Foreign Service

Mr. Gilberto LOPEZ LIRA
Director-General of Oceanography,
Ministry of the Navy

Mr. Jorge MUNGUIA
Promotion Director,
Office of the Under-Secretary of Health and
Assistance
MEXICO (continued)

Mr. Floy URROZ
Member of the Technical Council,
Office of the Under-Secretary of Health and Assistance

NETHERLANDS

Ir. C. van der BURGT
Chief Engineer, Director
Ministry of Traffic, Water Resources and Public Works

Ir. W.J. KOLSTEE
Public Health Officer
Ministry of Health and Environment

Mr. J.A. WALKATE
International Organizations Department
Ministry of Foreign Affairs

NIGERIA

Mr. Ar YUNUSA

NORWAY

Mr. Erik LYKKE
Head of Division,
Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Mr. Helge VINDENES
Head of Division,
Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Mr. Modolv HAREIDE
Director of Shipping

Mr. Lars FOYN
Marine Research Institute

PORTUGAL

Commander Jose Emilio DE ATAIDE
National Commission of Environment

SINGAPORE

Mr. TAN Peng Boo
First Secretary
Permanent Mission of Singapore to the United Nations, New York

SPAIN

Don Jose Antonio YTURRIAGA
Legal Adviser,
Ministry of Foreign Affairs

SWEDEN

Professor Arne ENGSTROM
Science Adviser to the Swedish Government

Dr. Lennart HANNERZ
Director of Research,
National Environmental Protection Branch

Mr. Stellan KRONVALL
Head of Section,
Ministry of Agriculture
Mr. Gustav LINDEMCRONA  
Head of Section  
National Board of Shipping

Mr. Goran BACKSTRAND  
Head of Section,  
Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Ambassador M. MAANOURI  
Mr. Hedi GHARBI  
First Secretary, Stockholm

Dr. M.W. HOLDGATE  
Department of Environment

Dr. H.A. COLE  
Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food

Mr. W.R. SMALL  
Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food

Miss M.A. PRICE  
Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food

Mr. J.B. URE  
Foreign and Commonwealth Office

Dr. Gordon MacDONALD  
Member  
President's Council on Environmental Quality

Mr. Alden Lowell DOUD  
Assistant Legal Adviser for Environmental Affairs  
Department of State

Mr. Theodore A. TREMBLAY  
Chargé d'Affaires a.i.  
United States Embassy, Reykjavik

Mr. John BUSTERUD  
Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense (Environmental Quality)  
Department of Defense

Mr. Herman CHINN  
Science Attaché  
Embassy in Stockholm

Mr. Robert LAKEY  
United States Coast Guard

Mr. Jakobus LANKHORST  
Special Assistant for Civil Functions  
Corps of Engineers  
United States Army

Mr. Charles LETTOW  
Counsel  
President's Council on Environmental Quality

Mr. Terry LEITZELL  
Attorney-Adviser  
Office of the Legal Adviser  
Department of State
UNITED STATES
OF AMERICA
(continued)

Mr. Edward MALLOY
Office of Environmental Affairs
Department of State

Col. Frank FEDELY
Office of Ocean Affairs
Department of Defense

Mr. Dennis C. GOODMAN
Second Secretary,
United States Embassy,
Reykjavik

Observers from International Organizations

UNITED NATIONS

Mr. Vladimir BAUM
Director-in-charge of Ocean Economics and Technology Branch - Department of Economic and Social Affairs

Mr. Michael HARDY
Legal Officer

IMCO

Mr. Y. SASAMURA
Head of Marine Science and Technology Division

Mr. G. LINDENCRONA
Chairman,
Sub-Committee on Marine Pollution

FAO

Dr. Gerard TOMCZAK
Chief, Marine Environment Section

IAEA

Dr. Hu Vinh PHUONG
First Legal Officer
ANNEX B

Agenda
(Document IMOD/1)
ANNEX C

List of Documents

(Document IMOD/INF/4/Rev.1)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL MEETING ON
OCEAN DUMPING
Reykjavik, 10-15 April 1972

LIST OF DOCUMENTS

IMOD/1
- Agenda (as adopted)

IMOD/2
- Text of draft articles of a Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping (as adopted)

IMOD/3
- Resolution concerning transmittal (as adopted)

IMOD/4
- Report of the Meeting (as adopted)

IMOD/INF/2/Rev.2
- List of participants

IMOD/INF/4/Rev.1
- List of documents

D.G.1
- Report of the Drafting Group

D.G.1/Rev.1
- Report of the Drafting Group (revised and completed)

D.G.2
- Draft resolution submitted by the Drafting Group

INF/1
- Provisional agenda

INF/2
- Provisional list of participants

INF/2/Rev.1
- List of participants

INF/3
- Statement by Mr. Vladimir Baum, Director of Ocean Economics and Technology Branch, United Nations (English only)

INF/4
- List of documents (partial)

INF/5
- Text of draft amendment submitted by the delegation of Australia to the Intergovernmental Working Group at Ottawa in November 1971 (English only)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>INF/6</td>
<td>Text of draft agreement submitted by the delegation of Spain to the Intergovernmental Working Group at Ottawa in November 1971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INF/7</td>
<td>Text of Resolution 7.15 adopted by UNESCO's Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission at Paris in November 1971</td>
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<tr>
<td>INF/8</td>
<td>Text of Resolution 7.4 adopted by UNESCO's Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission at Paris in November 1971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W.P.1</td>
<td>Draft Articles on Ocean Dumping of the Intergovernmental Working Group, Ottawa, November 1971</td>
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<tr>
<td>W.P.2</td>
<td>Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping from Ships, and Aircraft (Oslo Convention)</td>
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<tr>
<td>W.P.3</td>
<td>Draft Convention for the Prevention of the Pollution of the Sea by Dumping (submitted by the United States delegation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W.P.4</td>
<td>Activities of the Intergovernmental Maritime Consultative Organization in the Field of Marine Pollution (English only) (prepared by the IMCO secretariat)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W.P.5</td>
<td>Composite articles on Dumping from Vessels at Sea, including draft articles proposed by Canada (prepared by the delegation of Canada)</td>
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<tr>
<td>W.P.5/Corr.1</td>
<td>Corrigendum to document W.P.5 (English only)</td>
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<tr>
<td>W.P.6</td>
<td>Amendment submitted by Mexico to draft articles of Ottawa, November 1971</td>
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<td>W.P.7</td>
<td>Alternative proposal by the delegation of Portugal to draft annex I</td>
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<tr>
<td>W.P.8</td>
<td>Revised draft of Annex I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W.P.9</td>
<td>Draft report of the Meeting (submitted by the secretariat of the Meeting).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ANNEX D

Text of draft articles
of a Convention for
the Prevention of Marine Pollution
by Dumping

(Document IMOD/2)
ANNEX E

Resolution

(Document IMOD/3)